

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON- AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY
M.E. THERMAL ENGINEERING
REGULATIONS 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
I - IV SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND I SEMESTER SYLLABUS

SEMESTER I

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA4154	Advanced Numerical Methods	FC	4	0	0	4	4
2.	TE4151	Advanced Heat Transfer	FC	4	0	0	4	4
3.	TE4152	Advanced Thermodynamics	PCC	3	1	0	4	4
4.	TE4101	Advanced Fluid Mechanics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
6.		Professional Elective - I	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Professional Elective - II	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
8.		Audit Course I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICAL								
9	TE4111	Thermal Engineering Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
TOTAL				24	1	4	29	25

* Audit Course is optional

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

SEMESTER II

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	TE4201	Instrumentation for Thermal Engineering	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	IC4251	Computational Fluid Dynamics	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	TE4202	Fuels, Combustion and Pollution Control	PCC	4	0	0	3	4
4.		Professional Elective - III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Professional Elective - IV	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Professional Elective - V	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICAL								
8.	TE4211	Thermal Systems Simulation Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	TE4212	Technical Seminar – I	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
TOTAL				21	0	6	26	22

* Audit Course is optional

SEMESTER III

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	TE4301	Design and Optimization of Thermal Energy Systems	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.		Professional Elective - VI	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICAL								
4.	TE4311	Technical Seminar – II	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
5.	TE4312	Project Work - I	EEC	0	0	12	12	6
TOTAL				9	0	14	23	16

SEMESTER IV

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICAL								
1.	TE4411	Project Work - II	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
TOTAL				0	0	24	24	12

TOTAL CREDITS TO BE EARNED FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE = 75 CREDITS

**PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES
SEMESTER I, ELECTIVE I & II**

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	TE4001	Aircraft and Jet Propulsion	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	TE4073	Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Technologies	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	TE4002	Energy Resources	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	TE4003	Advanced Internal Combustion Engines	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	TE4004	Cryogenic Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	TE4005	Refrigeration Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	IC4252	Electronic Engine Management Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	TE4006	Cogeneration and Waste Heat Recovery Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE III, IV & V

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	TE4007	Fans, Blowers and Compressors	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	TE4008	Food Processing, Preservation and Transport	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	TE4009	Air Conditioning Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	TE4010	Energy Management in Thermal Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	IC4151	Alternate Fuels for IC Engines	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	TE4072	Design of Heat Exchangers	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	TE4011	Heat Transfer Enhancement Techniques	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	TE4012	Electronic Packaging and Cooling of Electronic Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	TE4013	Battery Thermal Management System	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
10.	TE4014	Energy Storage Technologies	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
11.	AM4251	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
12.	TE4071	Advanced Power Plant Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE VI

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
1.	EY4073	Design and Analysis of Turbomachines	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	IC4071	Boundary Layer Theory and Turbulence	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	TE4015	Steam Generator Technology	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	EY4075	Fluidized Bed Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	TE4016	Data Analytics and IoT for Thermal Systems	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	TE4017	Energy Efficient Buildings	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.	IC4072	Engine Pollution and Control	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
8.	EY4076	Solar Energy Technologies	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
9.	TE4018	Industrial Safety Engineering	PEC	3	0	0	3	3

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	AX4091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX4092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX4093	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
4.	AX4094	நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்	2	0	0	0

PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

- To study various numerical techniques to solve linear and non-linear algebraic and transcendental equations.
- To compare ordinary differential equations by finite difference and collocation methods.
- To establish finite difference methods to solve Parabolic and hyperbolic equations.
- To establish finite difference method to solve elliptic partial differential equations.
- To provide basic knowledge in finite elements method in solving partial differential equations.

UNIT I ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS 12

Systems of linear equations : Gauss elimination method – Pivoting techniques – Thomas algorithm for tri diagonal system – Jacobi, Gauss Seidel, SOR iteration methods – Conditions for convergence - Systems of nonlinear equations : Fixed point iterations, Newton's method, Eigenvalue problems : Power method and Given's method.

UNIT II ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12

Runge - Kutta methods for system of IVPs – Numerical stability of Runge - Kutta method – Adams - Bashforth multistep method, Shooting method, BVP : Finite difference method, Collocation method and orthogonal collocation method.

UNIT III FINITE DIFFERENCE METHOD FOR TIME DEPENDENT PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12

Parabolic equations : Explicit and implicit finite difference methods – Weighted average approximation - Dirichlet's and Neumann conditions – Two dimensional parabolic equations – ADI method : First order hyperbolic equations – Method of numerical integration along characteristics – Wave equation : Explicit scheme – Stability.

UNIT IV FINITE DIFFERENCE METHODS FOR ELLIPTIC EQUATIONS 12

Laplace and Poisson's equations in a rectangular region : Five point finite difference schemes, Leibmann's iterative methods, Dirichlet's and Neumann conditions – Laplace equation in polar coordinates : Finite difference schemes – Approximation of derivatives near a curved boundary while using a square mesh.

UNIT V FINITE ELEMENT METHOD 12

Basics of finite element method : Weak formulation, Weighted residual method – Shape functions for linear and triangular element – Finite element method for two point boundary value problems, Laplace and Poisson equations.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES :**

After completing this course, students should demonstrate competency in the following skills:

- Solve an algebraic or transcendental equation, linear system of equations and differential equations using an appropriate numerical method.
- Solving the initial boundary value problems and boundary value problems using finite difference and finite element methods.
- Solving parabolic and hyperbolic partial differential equations by finite difference methods.
- Compute solution of elliptic partial differential equations by finite difference methods.
- Selection of appropriate numerical methods to solve various types of problems in engineering and science in consideration with the minimum number of mathematical operations involved, accuracy requirements and available computational resources.

REFERENCES :

1. Burden, R.L., and Faires, J.D., "Numerical Analysis – Theory and Applications", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Gupta S.K., "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 4th Edition, New Age Publishers, 2019.
3. Jain M. K., Iyengar S. R., Kanchi M. B., Jain, "Computational Methods for Partial Differential Equations", New Age Publishers, 1993.
4. Sastry, S.S., "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis", 5th Edition, PHI Learning, 2015.
5. Saumyen Guha and Rajesh Srivastava, "Numerical methods for Engineering and Science", Oxford Higher Education, New Delhi, 2010.
6. Smith, G. D., "Numerical Solutions of Partial Differential Equations: Finite Difference Methods", Clarendon Press, 1985.

TE4151

ADVANCED HEAT TRANSFER

L T P C
4 0 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To develop the ability to use the heat transfer concepts for various applications like finned systems, turbulence flows, high speed flows.
- To analyse the thermal analysis and sizing of heat exchangers and to learn the heat transfer coefficient for compact heat exchanges.
- To achieve an understanding of the basic concepts of phase change processes and mass transfer.

UNIT I CONDUCTION AND RADIATION HEAT TRANSFER 12

One dimensional energy equations and boundary condition - three-dimensional heat conduction equations - extended surface heat transfer- various pin profiles- pin optimization - transient conduction-- conduction with moving boundaries - radiation in gases and vapour. Gas radiation and radiation heat transfer in enclosures containing absorbing and emitting media – interaction of radiation with conduction and convection

UNIT II TURBULENT FORCED CONVECTIVE HEAT TRANSFER 12

Momentum and energy equations - turbulent boundary layer heat transfer - mixing length concept - turbulence model – k ϵ model - analogy between heat and momentum transfer – Reynolds, Colburn, Prandtl turbulent flow in a tube - high speed flows.

UNIT – III PHASE CHANGE HEAT TRANSFER AND HEAT EXCHANGER 12

Condensation on bank of tubes - boiling – pool and flow boiling - heat Transfer Enhancement Techniques.

UNIT – IV HEAT EXCHANGERS 12

Heat Exchanger – ϵ - NTU approach and design procedure – compact heat exchangers – Plate heat exchangers– Mini and Micro Channel heat exchangers, Heat transfer correlations for specific cases.

UNIT – V MASS TRANSFER 12

Mass transfer - vaporization of droplets - combined heat and mass transfers applications – Cooling Towers, Evaporative condensers, solar pond, Cooling and dehumidification systems – porous media heat transfer

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

- On successful completion of this course the student will be able to understand the fundamental concept of heat transfer mechanisms.
- Understand the application of numerical methods in heat transfer applications.
- Knowledge in combined heat and mass transfer mechanisms in engine applications.

REFERENCES

1. Ghoshdastidar. P.S., Heat Transfer, Oxford University Press, 2004.
2. Holman.J.P., Heat Transfer, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2002.
3. Incropera F.P. and DeWitt. D.P., Fundamentals of Heat & Mass Transfer, John Wiley & Sons, 2002.
4. Nag.P.K., Heat Transfer, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2002.
5. Ozisik. M.N., Heat Transfer – A Basic Approach, McGraw-Hill Co., 1985.
6. Yadav, R., Heat and Mass Transfer, Central Publishing House, 1995.
7. Yunus A.Cengal., Heat and Mass Transfer – A practical Approach, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw - Hill, 2007.

TE4152

ADVANCED THERMODYNAMICS

L T P C
3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To achieve an understanding of basic principle and scope of thermodynamics.
- To predict the availability and irreversibility associated with the thermodynamic processes.
- To analyse the properties of ideal and real gas mixtures and to understand the basic concepts of thermal systems

UNIT I THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTY RELATIONS 12

Thermodynamic Potentials, Maxwell relations, Generalised relations for changes in Entropy, Internal Energy and Enthalpy, Generalised Relations for C_p and C_v , Clausius Clapeyron Equation, Joule Thomson Coefficient, Bridgeman Tables for Thermodynamic Relations.

UNIT II REAL GAS BEHAVIOUR AND MULTI-COMPONENT SYSTEMS 12

Equations of State (mention three equations), Fugacity, Compressibility, Principle of Corresponding States, use of generalised charts for enthalpy and entropy departure, fugacity coefficient, Lee-Kesler generalised three parameter tables. Fundamental property relations for systems of variable composition, partial molar properties, Real gas mixtures, Ideal solution of real gases and liquids, Equilibrium in multi-phase systems, Gibb's phase rule for non-reactive components.

UNIT III AVAILABILITY ANALYSIS 12

Introduction, Reversible work, Availability, Irreversibility and Second - Law Efficiency for a closed System and Steady-State Control Volume. Availability Analysis of Simple Cycles. Chemical availability of closed and control volume. Fuel Chemical availability, Evaluation of the availability of hydrocarbon fuels.

UNIT IV FUEL – AIR CYCLES AND THEIR ANALYSIS 12

Ideal Models of Engine Processes, Fuel–Air Cycle Analysis – SI Engine Cycle Simulation, CI Engine Cycle Simulation, Results of Cycle Calculations, Availability Analysis of Engine Processes – Availability Relationships – Entropy changes in Ideal Cycles – Availability Analysis of Ideal Cycles.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

UNIT V THERMO CHEMISTRY**12**

Ideal gas laws and properties of Mixtures, Combustion Stoichiometry, Application of First Law of Thermodynamics – Heat of Reaction – Enthalpy of Formation – Adiabatic flame temperature. Second law of Thermodynamics applied to combustion – entropy, maximum work and efficiency Chemical equilibrium: - Equilibrium constant evaluation K_p & K_f , Equilibrium composition evaluation of ideal gas and real gas mixtures.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course the student will be able to

1. Apply the law of thermodynamics to thermal systems.
2. Analyse the actual thermodynamic cycles
3. Design and analyse a multi component thermodynamic system
4. Apply the thermodynamics concepts in automotive systems
5. Understand and analyse the combustion of different fuels

REFERENCES:

1. Kenneth Wark., J.R, Advanced Thermodynamics for Engineers, McGraw-Hill Inc., 1995.
2. K.Annamalai, I.K.Puri, M.A.Jog, Advanced Thermodynamics Engineering, Second Edition, CRC Press, 2011.
3. Advanced Thermodynamics, S.S. Thipse, Narosa Publishing Home Pvt. Ltd., 2013
4. Yunus A. Cengel and Michael A. Boles, Thermodynamics, McGraw-Hill Inc., 2006.
5. B.P. Pundir, I.C. engine combustion and emissions. Bejan, A., Advanced Engineering Thermodynamics, John Wiley and Sons, 1988.
6. Holman, J.P., Thermodynamics, Fourth Edition, McGraw-Hill Inc., 1988.

TE4101**ADVANCED FLUID MECHANICS****L T P C**
3 0 0 3**COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- To understand the laws of fluid flow for ideal and viscous fluids.
- To represent the real solid shapes by suitable flow patterns and to analyze the same for aerodynamics performances.
- To understand the changes in properties in compressible flow and shock expansion.

UNIT I BASIC EQUATIONS OF FLOW**9**

Three dimensional continuity equation - differential and integral forms – equations of motion momentum and energy - Reynolds transport theorem – Navier – Stokes equation - Engineering Applications

UNIT II POTENTIAL FLOW THEORY**9**

Rotational and irrotational flows - circulation – vorticity - stream and potential functions for standard flows and combined flows – representation of solid bodies by flow patterns. Pressure distribution over stationary and rotating cylinders in a uniform flow - Magnus effect - Kutta – Zhukovsky theorem. Complex potential functions. Conformal transformation to analyze the flow over flat plate, cylinder, oval body and airfoils. Thin airfoil theory – generalized airfoil theory for cambered and flapped airfoils.

UNIT III VISCOUS FLOW THEORY**9**

Laminar and turbulent flow - laminar flow between parallel plates - Poiseuille's equation for flow through circular pipes. Turbulent flow - Darcy Weisbach equation for flow through circular pipe - friction factor - smooth and rough pipes - Moody diagram – losses during flow through pipes. Pipes in series and parallel – transmission of power through pipes.

UNIT IV BOUNDARY LAYER CONCEPT 9

Boundary Layer - displacement and momentum thickness - laminar and turbulent boundary layers in flat plates - velocity distribution in turbulent flows in smooth and rough boundaries - laminar sub layer.

UNIT V COMPRESSIBLE FLUID FLOW 9

One dimensional compressible fluid flow – flow through variable area passage – nozzles and diffusers – fundamentals of supersonics – normal and oblique shock waves and calculation of flow and fluid properties over solid bodies (like flat plate, wedge, diamond) using gas tables

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

- After the completion of the syllabus students able to familiarized about the ideal and viscous fluid flow, boundary layer concepts and changes in properties in compressible flow and shock expansion.

REFERENCES

1. Anderson J.D., Fundamentals of Aerodynamics, McGraw Hill, Boston, 2001.
2. Bansal R.K., Fluid Mechanics, Saurabh and Co., New Delhi, 1985.
3. Houghten E.L. and Carruthers N.B., Aerodynamics for Engineering Students, Arnold Publishers, 1993.
4. Kumar K.L., Engineering Fluid Mechanics, Eurasia Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.
5. Munson B.R., Young D.F. and Okiisi, T.H., Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, John Wiley and Sons Inc., NewYork, 1990.
6. Schlichting H., Boundary layer theory, Mc Graw Hill Book Company, 1979
7. Shames, Mechanics of Fluids, Mc Graw Hill Book Company, 1962.
8. Streeter V.L., Wylie E.B. and Bedford K.W., Fluid Mechanics, WCB McGraw Hill, Boston, 1998.

RM4151	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR	L T P C
		2 0 0 2

UNIT I RESEARCH DESIGN 6
Overview of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploratory data to answer the research question, Qualitative research, Observation studies, Experiments and Surveys.

UNIT II DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES 6
Measurements, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instruments, Sampling and methods. Data - Preparing, Exploring, examining and displaying.

UNIT III DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING 6
Overview of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing and Measures of Association. Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and oral presentation.

UNIT IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS 6
Intellectual Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development of concept of IPR, IPR development process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Bio diversity, Role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IPR practices, Types and Features of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

UNIT V PATENTS**6**

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filing, Examination of patent, Grant of patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licences, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS**REFERENCES**

1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, “Business Research Methods”, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
2. Catherine J. Holland, “Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets”, Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
3. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, “Patent searching: tools & techniques”, Wiley, 2007.
4. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, “Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice”, September 2013.

TE4111**THERMAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY**

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To conduct experiments on various Thermal Engineering devices to study the performance and its applications.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Performance and emission characteristics of multi cylinder Spark Ignition and Compression Ignition engines using alternate fuels.
2. Thermal performance of variable compression ratio engines.
3. Thermal analysis of natural / forced draught cooling towers.
4. Thermal analysis of heat pumps systems.
5. Experimental studies on vapour compression refrigeration systems using natural refrigerants
6. Overall performance of solar water heating system.
7. Physical, Chemical and thermal Properties of any liquid and gas fuels.
8. Experimental analysis of a Boiler.
9. Calibration of Temperature sensors (RTD / any thermocouple)
10. Calibration of Pressure sensors
11. Experimental studies on axial / centrifugal fan characteristics

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:****Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:**

- Know the various alternate fuels are available for IC engines
- Understand the thermodynamic relations for thermal engineering devices.
- Understand the working principle of different renewable energy sources.
- Measure the properties of different fuels

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

1. Single cylinder / multi cylinder Automotive Engine with data acquisition system	- 1 No
2. Flue gas analyzer	- 1 No
3. Smoke meter	- 1 No
4. Single cylinder variable Compression ratio petrol engine	- 1 No
5. Single cylinder variable Compression ratio Diesel engine	- 1 No
6. Cooling tower test rig	- 1 No
7. Refrigeration cum Heat Pump test rig	- 1 No
8. 100 LPD Solar flat plate water heater test rig	- 1 No
9. Pyranometer	- 1 No
10. Redwood / Saybolt viscometer	- 1 No
11. Bomb calorimeter apparatus	- 1 No
12. Gas calorimeter	- 1 No
13. Cloud & Pour point apparatus	- 1 No
14. IBR / Non-IBR Boiler test rig	- 1 No
15. Fan test rig	
16. Pressure Calibrator	- 1 No
17. Temperature Calibrator	- 1 No

TE4001**AIRCRAFT AND JET PROPULSION****L T P C
3 0 0 3****COURSE OBJECTIVE**

To gain insight on the working principle of rocket engines, different feed systems, propellants and their properties and dynamics of rockets

UNIT I GAS DYNAMICS 8

Wave motion - Compressible fluid flow through variable area devices – Stagnation state Mach Number and its influence and properties, Isentropic Flow, Rayleigh and Fanno Flow. Deflagration and Detonation – Normal shock and oblique shock waves.

UNIT II THERMODYNAMICS OF AIRCRAFT ENGINES 9

Theory of Aircraft propulsion – Thrust – Various efficiencies – Different propulsion systems – Turbo-prop – Ram Jet – Turbojet, Turbojet with after burner, Turbo fan and Turbo shaft. Variable thrust- nozzles – vector control.

UNIT III PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF AIRCRAFT ENGINES 9

Engine - Aircraft matching – Design of inlets and nozzles – Performance characteristics of Ramjet, Turbojet, Scramjet and Turbofan engines.

UNIT IV ROCKET PROPULSION 9

Theory of rocket propulsion – Rocket equations – Escape and Orbital velocity – Multi-staging of Rockets – Space missions – Performance characteristics – Losses and efficiencies.

UNIT V ROCKET THRUST CHAMBER 10

Combustion in solid and liquid propellant classification – rockets of propellants and Propellant Injection systems – Non-equilibrium expansion and supersonic combustion – Propellant feed systems – Reaction Control Systems - Rocket heat transfer.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

- On successful completion of this course the student will be able to understand the working of different types of Aircraft and Jet propulsion systems and their performance characteristics.

REFERENCES

1. Bonney E.A., Zucrow N.J., Principles of Guided Missile Design, Van Nostranc Co., 1956.
2. Khajuria P.R. and Dubey S.P., Gas Turbines and Propulsive Systems, Dhanpat Rai Publications, 2003.
3. Mattingly J.D., Elements of Gas turbine Propulsion, McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 1997.
4. Philip G. Hill and Carl R. Peterson, Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion, Second Edition, Addition – Wesley Publishing Company, New York, 2009.
5. S.M.Yahya, Fundamentals of Compressible Flow, Third edition, New Age International Pvt Ltd, 2003.
6. Zucrow N.J., Principles of Jet Propulsion and Gas Turbines, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970.
7. Zucrow N.J., Aircraft and Missile Propulsion, Vol. I and Vol. II, John Wiley and Sons Inc, New York, 1975.

TE4073

HYDROGEN AND FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To study in detail on the hydrogen production methodologies, possible applications and various storage options.
- To understand the working principle of a typical fuel cell, its types and to elaborate on its thermodynamics and kinetics.
- To study the cost effectiveness and eco-friendliness of Fuel Cells.

UNIT I HYDROGEN – BASICS AND PRODUCTION TECHNIQUES 9

Hydrogen – physical and chemical properties, salient characteristics. Production of hydrogen – steam reforming – water electrolysis – gasification and woody biomass conversion – biological hydrogen production – photo dissociation – direct thermal or catalytic splitting of water.

UNIT II HYDROGEN STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS 9

Hydrogen storage options – compressed gas – liquid hydrogen – Hydride – chemical Storage – comparisons. Safety and management of hydrogen. Applications of Hydrogen.

UNIT III FUEL CELLS 9

History – principle - working - thermodynamics and kinetics of fuel cell process – performance evaluation of fuel cell – comparison on battery Vs fuel cell.

UNIT IV FUEL CELL – TYPES 9

Types of fuel cells – AFC, PAFC, SOFC, MCFC, DMFC, PEMFC – relative merits and demerits.

UNIT V APPLICATION OF FUEL CELL AND ECONOMICS 9

Fuel cell usage for domestic power systems, large scale power generation, Automobile, Space. Economic and environmental analysis on usage of Hydrogen and Fuel cell. Future trends in fuel cells.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

After completion of the syllabus student able to :

Know the working of various fuel cells, their relative advantages / disadvantages and hydrogen generation/storage technologies.

REFERENCES

1. Viswanathan B. and Aulice Scibioh.M, Fuel Cells – Principles and Applications, Universities Press, 2006.
2. Rebecca L. and Busby, Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: A Comprehensive Guide, Penn Well Corporation, Oklahoma, 2005.
3. Bent Sorensen (Sørensen), Hydrogen and Fuel Cells: Emerging Technologies and Applications, Elsevier, UK 2005.
4. Kordesch K. and G.Simader, Fuel Cell and Their Applications, Wiley-Vch, Germany 1996.
5. Hart A.B. and G.J.Womack, Fuel Cells: Theory and Application, Prentice Hall, New York Ltd., London 1989.
6. Jeremy Rifkin, The Hydrogen Economy, Penguin Group, USA 2002.
7. Barclay F.J., Fuel Cells, Engines and Hydrogen, Wiley, 2009.

TE4002

ENERGY RESOURCES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To explain concept of various forms of Non-renewable and renewable energy.
- To outline division aspects and utilization of renewable energy sources for both domestics and industrial applications.
- To study the environmental and cost economics of using renewable energy sources compared to fossil fuels.

UNIT I COMMERCIAL ENERGY

9

Coal, Oil, Natural gas, Nuclear power and Hydro - their utilization pattern in the past, present and future projections of consumption pattern - Sector-wise energy consumption – environmental impact of fossil fuels – Energy scenario in India – Growth of energy sector and its planning in India.

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY

9

Solar radiation at the earth's surface – solar radiation measurements – estimation of average solar radiation - solar thermal flat plate collectors - concentrating collectors – solar thermal applications - heating, cooling, desalination, drying, cooking, etc – solar thermal electric power plant - principle of photovoltaic conversion of solar energy, types of solar cells - Photovoltaic applications: battery charger, domestic lighting, street lighting, water pumping etc - solar PV power plant – Net metering concept.

UNIT III WIND ENERGY

9

Nature of the wind – power in the wind – factors influencing wind – wind data and energy estimation - wind speed monitoring - wind resource assessment - Betz limit - site selection - wind energy conversion devices - classification, characteristics, applications – offshore wind energy - Hybrid systems - safety and environmental aspects – wind energy potential and installation in India - Repowering concept.

UNIT IV BIO-ENERGY 9

Biomass resources and their classification - Biomass conversion processes - Thermo chemical conversion - direct combustion – biomass gasification - pyrolysis and liquefaction - biochemical conversion - anaerobic digestion - types of biogas Plant - applications - alcohol production from biomass – bio diesel production – Urban waste to energy conversion - Biomass energy programme in India.

UNIT V OTHER TYPES OF ENERGY 9

Ocean energy resources - principle of ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC) - ocean thermal power plant - ocean wave energy conversion - tidal energy conversion – small hydro - geothermal energy - geothermal power plant – hydrogen production and storage - Fuel cell – principle of working - various types - construction and applications.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completion of the syllabus student able to :

- Understand the commercial energy and renewable energy sources.
- Know the working principle of various energy systems.

REFERENCES

1. Sukhatme S.P., "Solar Energy", Tata McGraw Hill, 1984.
2. Twidell J.W. and Weir A., "Renewable Energy Sources", EFN Spon Ltd., 1986.
3. Kishore V.V.N., "Renewable Energy Engineering and Technology", Teri Press, New Delhi, 2012
4. Peter Gevorkian, "Sustainable Energy Systems Engineering," McGraw Hill, 2007.
5. Kreith F. and Kreider J.F., "Principles of Solar Engineering", McGraw-Hill, 1978.
6. Godfrey Boyle, "Renewable Energy Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford University Press, U.K, 1996.
7. Veziroglu T.N., "Alternative Energy Sources", Vol 5 and 6, McGraw-Hill, 1990.
8. Anthony San Pietro, "Biochemical and Photosynthetic aspects of Energy Production", Academic Press, 1980.
9. Bridgurater A.V., "Thermochemical processing of Biomass", Academic Press, 1981.
10. Bent Sorensen , "Renewable Energy", Elsevier, Academic Press, 2011.

TE4003 ADVANCED INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To gain insight on the working principle of spark ignition engines and compression ignition engines.
- To study the pollutant formation and its control in IC engines.
- To study the recent technologies adopted in IC engine applications.

UNIT I SPARK IGNITION ENGINES 9

Spark ignition Engine mixture requirements – Fuel – Injection systems – Monopoint, Multipoint injection, Direct injection – Stages of combustion – Normal and abnormal combustion – factors affecting knock – Combustion chambers.

UNIT II COMPRESSION IGNITION ENGINES 9

States of combustion in C.I. Engine – Direct and indirect injection systems – Combustion chambers – Fuel spray behaviour – spray structure, spray penetration and evaporation – air motion – Introduction to Turbo charging.

UNIT III POLLUTANT FORMATION AND CONTROL 9

Pollutant – Sources – Formation of carbon monoxide, Unburnt hydrocarbon, NO_x, Smoke and Particulate matter – Methods of controlling Emissions – Catalytic converters and Particulate Traps – Methods of measurements and Introduction to emission norms and Driving cycles.

UNIT IV ALTERNATIVE FUELS 9

Alcohol, Hydrogen, Natural Gas and Liquefied Petroleum Gas- Properties, Suitability, Merits and Demerits as fuels, Engine Modifications.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS 9

Lean Burn Engines – Stratified charge Engines – homogeneous charge compression ignition engines – Plasma Ignition – Measurement techniques – laser Doppler, Anemometry. Use of nano technology in IC Engines.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

On successful completion of this course the student will be able to understand the working principle of IC engines, source of pollution formation and its control and recent trends in IC engines.

REFERENCES

1. Duffy Smith, Auto fuel Systems, The Good Heart Willox Company, Inc., 1989.
2. Heywood, J.B., Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, McGraw-Hill, 1988.
3. K.K. Ramalingam, Internal Combustion Engine fundamentals, Scitech Publications, 2002.
4. Kirpal Singh, Automobile Engineering Vol - I, Standard Publishers, Delhi 2013.
5. R.B. Mathur and R.P.Sharma, Internal Combustion Engines, Dhanapat Rai Publications,1993.
6. V. Ganesan, Internal Combustion Engines, II Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2002.
7. Willard W. Pulkrabek, Engineering Fundamentals of the Internal Combustion Engine, Prentice Hall, 1997.

TE4004

CRYOGENIC ENGINEERING

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To give introductory knowledge of cryogenic Engineering.
- To impart knowledge in liquefaction, separation of cryogenics gases and working of cryocoolers.
- To embark on a research career in Cryogenic Engineering.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Insight on Cryogenics, Properties of Cryogenic fluids, Material properties at Cryogenic Temperatures. Applications of Cryogenics in Space Programs, Superconductivity, Cryo Metallurgy, Medical applications.

UNIT II LIQUEFACTION CYCLES 9

Carnot Liquefaction Cycle, F.O.M. and Yield of Liquefaction Cycles. Inversion Curve - Joule Thomson Effect. Linde Hampson Cycle, Precooled Linde Hampson Cycle, Claudes Cycle Dual Cycle, Ortho-Para hydrogen conversion, Eollins cycle, Simpson cycle, Critical Components in Liquefaction Systems.

UNIT III SEPARATION OF CRYOGENIC GASES 9

Binary Mixtures, T-C and H-C Diagrams, Principle of Rectification, Rectification Column Analysis - McCabe Thiele Method. Adsorption Systems for purification.

UNIT IV CRYOGENIC REFRIGERATORS 9

J. T. Cryocoolers, Stirling Cycle Refrigerators, G.M.Cryocoolers, Pulse Tube Refrigerators Regenerators used in Cryogenic Refrigerators, Dilution refrigerators, Magnetic Refrigerators.

UNIT V HANDLING OF CRYOGENS 9

Cryogenic Dewar, Cryogenic Transfer Lines. Insulations used in Cryogenic Systems, Instrumentation to measure Flow, Level and Temperature.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

On successful completion of this course the student will be able to understand Concepts of cryogenic, cryogenic refrigeration and handling of the cryogenes.

REFERENCES

1. Klaus D. Timmerhaus and Thomas M. Flynn, Cryogenic Process Engineering, Plenum Press, New York, 1989.
2. Randall F. Barron, Cryogenic Systems, McGraw-Hill, 1985.
3. Scott R.B., Cryogenic Engineering, Van Nostrand and Co., 1962.
4. Herald Weinstock, Cryogenic Technology, Boston Technical Publishers, inc., 1969.
5. Robert W. Vance, Cryogenic Technology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, London.
6. G.Venkatarathnam, Cryogenic Mixed Refrigerant Processes, Springer Publication, 2010.
7. J.G.Weisend, Hand Book of Cryogenic Engineering —II, Taylor and Francis, 1998.

TE4005

REFRIGERATION SYSTEMS

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To study the cycle analysis pertaining to Refrigeration systems.
- To study the performance of system components and their balancing in cycles.
- To study the significance of Refrigerants and their impact on the environment.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND REFRIGERANTS 9

Applications, Unit of refrigeration – Ideal cycles - Classification of Refrigerants, Refrigerant properties, Oil Compatibility, Environmental Impact-Montreal / Kyoto protocols-Eco Friendly Refrigerants, alternatives to HCFCs, Secondary Refrigerants.

UNIT II REFRIGERATION CYCLES – ANALYSIS 9

Development of Vapor Compression Refrigeration Cycle from Reverse Carnot Cycle- conditions for high COP-deviations from ideal vapor compression cycle, Multipressure System, Cascade Systems-Analysis. Vapor Absorption Systems-Aqua Ammonia & Li-Br Systems, Steam Jet Refrigeration Thermo Electric Refrigeration, Air Refrigeration cycles, Heat pumps.

UNIT III REFRIGERATION SYSTEM COMPONENTS 9

Compressor- Types, performance, Characteristics, Types of Evaporators & Condensers and their functional aspects, Expansion Devices and their Behaviour with fluctuating load, cycling controls, other components such as Accumulators, Receivers, Oil Separators, Strainers, Driers, Check Valves, Solenoid Valves Defrost Controllers, etc.

UNIT IV SYSTEM BALANCING 9

Balance points and system simulation - compressor, condenser, evaporator and expansion devices performance – Complete system performance; graphical and mathematical analysis – sensitivity analysis.

UNIT V ELECTRICAL DRIVES & CONTROLS 9

Electric circuits in Refrigeration systems, Refrigerant control devices, Types of Motors, Starters, Relays, Thermostats, Microprocessor based control systems, Pressure controls and other controls, Acoustics and noise controls.

TOTAL = 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

- The student will be able to understand different refrigeration systems and do the design of the same for a particular applications.

REFERENCES

1. Arora C.P., Refrigeration and Air conditioning, McGraw Hill, 3rd Ed., 2010.
2. Dossat R.J., Principles of refrigeration, John Wiley, S.I. Version, 2001.
3. Jordan and Priester, Refrigeration and Air conditioning 1985.
4. Kuehn T.H., Ramsey J.W. and Threlkeld J.L., Thermal Environmental Engineering, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1998.
5. Langley Billy C., 'Solid state electronic controls for HVACR, Prentice-Hall 1986.
6. Rex Milter, Mark R.Miller., Air conditioning and Refrigeration, McGraw Hill, 2006.
7. Stoecker W.F., Refrigeration and Air conditioning, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1989.

IC4252 ELECTRONIC ENGINE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS L T P C
3 0 0 3

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF AUTOMOTIVE ELECTRONICS 9

Components for Electronic Engine Management System- Open and Closed Loop Control Strategies- PID Control- Look Up Tables- Introduction to Modern Control Strategies Like Fuzzy Logic and Adaptive Control. Switches- Active Resistors- Transistors- Current Mirrors/Amplifiers- Voltage and Current References- Comparator- Multiplier. Amplifier- Filters- A/D and D/A Converters.

UNIT II SENSORS AND ACTUATORS 9

Inductive- Hall Effect- Thermistor- Piezo Electric- Piezoresistive- Based Sensors. Throttle Position- Mass Air Flow- Crank Shaft Position- Cam Position- Engine Speed Sensor- Exhaust Oxygen Level (Two Step- Linear Lambda and Wideband)- Knock- Manifold Temperature and Pressure Sensors. Solenoid- Relay (Four and Five Pin)- Stepper Motor

UNIT III SI ENGINE MANAGEMENT 9

Layout and Working of SI Engine Management Systems. Group and Sequential Injection Techniques. MPFI- GDI- Advantages of Electronic Ignition Systems. Types of Solid State Ignition Systems and Their Principle of Operation- Contactless (BREAKERLESS) Electronic Ignition System- Electronic Spark Timing Control

UNIT IV CI ENGINE MANAGEMENT 9

Fuel Injection System Parameters Affecting Combustion- Noise and Emissions in CI Engines. Electronically Controlled Unit Injection System. Common Rail Fuel Injection System. Working of Components Like Fuel Injector- Fuel Pump- Rail Pressure Limiter- Flow Limiter- EGR Valve.

UNIT V DIGITAL ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM 9

Cold Start and Warm Up Phases- Idle Speed Control- Acceleration and Full Load Enrichment- Deceleration Fuel Cut-off. Fuel Control Maps- Open Loop and Closed Loop Control – Integrated Engine Control System- Electromagnetic Compatibility – EMI Suppression Techniques – Electronic Dash Board Instruments – Onboard Diagnosis System.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Understand the basic electronic components and controls used in Sensors
- Explain the different types of sensors used in an automobile engine
- Describe the ignition and injection methods used in an SI engine
- Describe the fuel injection systems in a diesel engine and the emission control systems
- Explain the electronic systems used in the fuel control system and the dash board unit.

REFERENCES:

1. Understanding Automotive Electronics William B Ribbens, SAE 1998
2. Automobile Electronics by Eric Chowanietz SAE
3. Diesel Engine Management by Robert Bosch, SAE Publications, 3rd Edition, 2004
4. Gasoline Engine Management by Robert Bosch, SAE Publications, 2nd Edition, 2004

TE4006 COGENERATION AND WASTE HEAT RECOVERY SYSTEMS L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To analyze the basic energy generation cycles.
- To detail about the concept of cogeneration, its types and probable areas of applications.
- To study the significance of waste heat recovery systems and carry out its economic analysis.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction – principles of thermodynamics – cycles – topping – bottoming – combined cycle – organic rankine cycles – performance indices of cogeneration systems – waste heat recovery – sources and types – concept of tri and quad generation.

UNIT II COGENERATION TECHNOLOGIES 9

Configuration and thermodynamic performance – steam turbine cogeneration systems – gas turbine cogeneration systems – reciprocating IC engines cogeneration systems – combined cycles cogeneration systems – advanced cogeneration systems: fuel cell, Stirling engines etc.,

UNIT III ISSUES AND APPLICATIONS OF COGENERATION TECHNOLOGIES 9

Cogeneration plants electrical interconnection issues – utility and cogeneration plant interconnection issues – applications of cogeneration in utility sector – industrial sector – building sector – rural sector – impacts of cogeneration plants – fuel, electricity and environment.

UNIT IV WASTE HEAT RECOVERY SYSTEMS**9**

Selection criteria for waste heat recovery technologies – recuperators – Regenerators – economizers – plate heat exchangers – thermic fluid heaters – Waste heat boilers – classification, location, service conditions, design Considerations – fluidized bed heat exchangers – heat pipe exchangers – heat pumps – sorption systems.

UNIT V ECONOMIC ANALYSIS**9**

Investment cost – economic concepts – measures of economic performance – procedure for economic analysis – examples – procedure for optimized system selection and design – load curves – sensitivity analysis – regulatory and financial frame work for cogeneration and waste heat recovery systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOME**

- On completing of the syllabus students can able understand the principles of cogeneration systems, waste heat recovery systems, applications of cogeneration and economic analysis of waste heat recovery systems.

REFERENCES

1. Charles H. Butler, Cogeneration, McGraw Hill Book Co., 1984.
3. De Nevers, Noel, Air Pollution Control Engineering, McGraw Hill, New York,1995.
2. EDUCOGEN – The European Educational tool for cogeneration, Second Edition, 2001.
4. Energy Cogeneration Hand book, George Polimveros, Industrial Press Inc, New yark 1982.
5. Horlock JH., Cogeneration - Heat and Power, Thermodynamics and Economics, Oxford,1987.
6. Institute of Fuel, London, Waste Heat Recovery, Chapman & Hall Publishers,London, 1963.
7. Seagate Subrata, Lee SS EDS, Waste Heat Utilization and Management, Hemisphere, Washington, 1983.



PROGRESS THROUGH KNOWLEDGE

AUDIT COURSES

AX4091

ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

6

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS

6

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS

6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS

6

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS

6

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1 –Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability

CO2 – Learn about what to write in each section

CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title

CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion

CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

REFERENCES

1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006
4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book 1998.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION	6
Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.		
UNIT II	REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS	6
Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.		
UNIT III	DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA	6
Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics		
UNIT IV	DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT	6
Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.		
UNIT V	RISK ASSESSMENT	6
Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival		

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES**

- CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster
- CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

REFERENCES

1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies”, Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
2. Nishitha Rai, Singh AK, “Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies “New Royal book Company, 2007.
3. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. ,” Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections”, Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi, 2001.

AX4093

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

L T P C
2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals’ constitutional Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District’s Administration head: Role and Importance, □ Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization
- of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

SUGGESTED READING

- The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
- Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,1st Edition, 2015.
- M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis,2014.
- D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

AX4094

நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்

L T P C
2 0 0 0

UNIT I

சங்க இலக்கியம்

6

1. தமிழின் துவக்க நூல் தொல்காப்பியம்
– எழுத்து, சொல், பொருள்
2. அகநானூறு (82)
- இயற்கை இன்னிசை அரங்கம்
3. குறிஞ்சிப் பாட்டின் மலர்க்காட்சி
4. புறநானூறு (95,195)
- போரை நிறுத்திய ஔவையார்

UNIT II

அறநெறித் தமிழ்

6

1. அறநெறி வகுத்த திருவள்ளுவர்
- அறம் வலியுறுத்தல், அன்புடைமை, ஒப்புறவு அறிதல், ஈகை, புகழ்
2. பிற அறநூல்கள் - இலக்கிய மருந்து
– ஏலாதி, சிறுபஞ்சமூலம், திரிகடுகம், ஆசாரக்கோவை (தூய்மையை வலியுறுத்தும் நூல்)

UNIT III

இரட்டைக் காப்பியங்கள்

6

1. கண்ணகியின் புரட்சி
- சிலப்பதிகார வழக்குரை காதை
2. சமூகசேவை இலக்கியம் மணிமேகலை
- சிறைக்கோட்டம் அறக்கோட்டமாகிய காதை

UNIT IV**அருள்நெறித் தமிழ்**

6

1. சிறுபாணாற்றுப்படை
 - பாரி முல்லைக்குத் தேர் கொடுத்தது, பேகன் மயிலுக்குப் போர்வை கொடுத்தது, அதியமான் ஓளவைக்கு நெல்லிக்கனி கொடுத்தது, அரசர் பண்புகள்
2. நற்றிணை
 - அன்னைக்குரிய புன்னை சிறப்பு
3. திருமந்திரம் (617, 618)
 - இயமம் நியமம் விதிகள்
4. தர்மச்சாலையை நிறுவிய வள்ளலார்
5. புறநானூறு
 - சிறுவனே வள்ளலானான்
6. அகநானூறு (4) - வண்டு
 நற்றிணை (11) - நண்டு
 கலித்தொகை (11) - யானை, புறா
 ஐந்திணை 50 (27) - மான்
 ஆகியவை பற்றிய செய்திகள்

UNIT V**நவீன தமிழ் இலக்கியம்**

6

1. உரைநடைத் தமிழ்,
 - தமிழின் முதல் புதினம்,
 - தமிழின் முதல் சிறுகதை,
 - கட்டுரை இலக்கியம்,
 - பயண இலக்கியம்,
 - நாடகம்,
2. நாட்டு விடுதலை போராட்டமும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
3. சமுதாய விடுதலையும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
4. பெண் விடுதலையும் விளிம்பு நிலையினரின் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,
5. அறிவியல் தமிழ்,
6. இணையத்தில் தமிழ்,
7. சுற்றுச்சூழல் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியம்.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS**தமிழ் இலக்கிய வெளியீடுகள் / புத்தகங்கள்**

1. தமிழ் இணைய கல்விக்கழகம் (Tamil Virtual University)
 - www.tamilvu.org
2. தமிழ் விக்கிப்பீடியா (Tamil Wikipedia)
 - https://ta.wikipedia.org
3. தர்மபுர ஆதின வெளியீடு
4. வாழ்வியல் களஞ்சியம்
 - தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

5. தமிழ்கலைக் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ் வளர்ச்சித் துறை (thamilvalarchithurai.com)
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